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1. Identification

Product identifier used on the label

Tri-Die Silica & Pyrethrin Du

Recommended use of the chemical and restriction on use

Recommended use*: insecticide Recommended use*: insecticide

* The "Recommended use" identified for this product is provided solely to comply with a Federal requirement and is not part of the seller's published specification. The terms of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) do not create or infer any warranty, express or implied, including by incorporation into or reference in the seller's sales agreement.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

<u>Company:</u> BASF SE 67056 Ludwigshafen GERMANY <u>Contact address:</u> BASF CORPORATION 100 Park Avenue Florham Park, NJ 07932 USA Telephone: +1 973 245-6000

Emergency telephone number

CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 BASF HOTLINE: 1-800-832-HELP (4357)

Other means of identification

Substance number:395959EPA Registration number:499-429Synonyms:Pyrethrins + piperonyl butoxide + amorphous silica dixoide

2. Hazards Identification

According to Regulation 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard; 29 CFR Part 1910.1200

Classification of the product

Asp. Tox.	1	Aspiration hazard
Aquatic Acute	2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute
Aquatic Chronic	2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic

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Label elements



Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Statement: H304 H401 H411	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary Statemer	its (Prevention):
P273	Avoid release to the environment.
Precautionary Statemer P301 + P310 P391 P331	Its (Response): IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Collect spillage. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Precautionary Statemer	nts (Storage):
P405	Store locked up.
Precautionary Statemer P501	its (Disposal): Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point.

Hazards not otherwise classified

Labeling of special preparations (GHS):

The following percentage of the mixture consists of components(s) with unknown hazards regarding the acute toxicity: 1 % dermal

The following percentage of the mixture consists of components(s) with unknown hazards regarding the acute toxicity: 1 % oral

The following percentage of the mixture consists of components(s) with unknown hazards regarding the acute toxicity: 4 - 5 % Inhalation - dust

This product is not combustible in the form in which it is shipped by the manufacturer, but may form a combustible dust through downstream activities (e.g. grinding, pulverizing) that reduce its particle size.

3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

According to Regulation 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard; 29 CFR Part 1910.1200

CAS Number	Weight %	Chemical name
8003-34-7	1.0 %	Pyrethrins
51-03-6	10.0 %	Piperonylbutoxide
64742-47-8	25.0 - 50.0%	Distillates, petroleum
112926-00-8	40.0 %	Silica gel, precipitated, crystalline free

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4. First-Aid Measures

Description of first aid measures

General advice:

First aid personnel should pay attention to their own safety. If the patient is likely to become unconscious, place and transport in stable sideways position (recovery position). Immediately remove contaminated clothing.

If inhaled:

Keep patient calm, remove to fresh air, seek medical attention.

If on skin:

Immediately wash thoroughly with soap and water, seek medical attention.

If in eyes:

Wash affected eyes for at least 15 minutes under running water with eyelids held open, consult an eye specialist.

If swallowed:

Immediately rinse mouth and then drink 200-300 ml of water, seek medical attention. Do not induce vomiting due to aspiration hazard.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms: The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2) and/or in section 11., (Further) symptoms and / or effects are not known so far Hazards: Vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia due to the ingredients.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physician Treatment:

Vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia due to the ingredients.

5. Fire-Fighting Measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: foam, dry powder, carbon dioxide

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards during fire-fighting: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, If product is heated above decomposition temperature, toxic vapours will be released. The substances/groups of substances mentioned can be released in case of fire.

Advice for fire-fighters

Protective equipment for fire-fighting: Firefighters should be equipped with self-contained breathing apparatus and turn-out gear.

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Further information:

Evacuate area of all unnecessary personnel. Contain contaminated water/firefighting water. Do not allow to enter drains or waterways. Dusty conditions may ignite explosively in the presence of an ignition source causing flash fire.

6. Accidental release measures

Further accidental release measures:

Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air). Avoid the formation and build-up of dust - danger of dust explosion. Dust in sufficient concentration can result in an explosive mixture in air. Handle to minimize dusting and eliminate open flame and other sources of ignition.

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Take appropriate protective measures. Clear area. Shut off source of leak only under safe conditions. Extinguish sources of ignition nearby and downwind. Ensure adequate ventilation. Wear suitable personal protective clothing and equipment.

Environmental precautions

Do not discharge into the subsoil/soil. Do not discharge into drains/surface waters/groundwater. Contain contaminated water/firefighting water. A spill of or in excess of the reportable quantity requires notification to state, local and national emergency authorities. This product is regulated by CERCLA ('Superfund').

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Dike spillage. Pick up with suitable absorbent material. Spilled substance/product should be recovered and applied according to label rates whenever possible. If application of spilled substance/product is not possible, then spills should be contained, solidified, and placed in suitable containers for disposal. After decontamination, spill area can be washed with water. Collect wash water for approved disposal.

7. Handling and Storage

Precautions for safe handling

RECOMMENDATIONS ARE FOR MANUFACTURING, COMMERCIAL BLENDING, AND PACKAGING WORKERS. PESTICIDE APPLICATORS & WORKERS must refer to the Product Label and Directions for Use attached to the product. Provide good ventilation of working area (local exhaust ventilation if necessary). Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep container tightly sealed. Protect against heat. Handle and open container with care. Do not open until ready to use. Once container is opened, content should be used as soon as possible. Provide means for controlling leaks and spills. Follow label warnings even after container is emptied. The substance/ product may be handled only by appropriately trained personnel. Avoid all direct contact with the substance/product. Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing. Avoid inhalation of dusts/mists/vapours. Wear suitable personal protective clothing and equipment.

Protection against fire and explosion:

The relevant fire protection measures should be noted. Fire extinguishers should be kept handy. Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame. Avoid extreme heat. Ground all transfer equipment properly to prevent electrostatic discharge. Electrostatic discharge may cause ignition. Avoid dust formation. Dust in sufficient concentration can result in an explosive mixture in air. Handle to minimize dusting and eliminate open flame and other sources of ignition. Routine housekeeping should be instituted to ensure that dusts do not accumulate on surfaces. Dry powders can build static electricity charges when subjected to the friction of transfer and mixing operations. Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres. Refer to NFPA 654,

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Standard for the Prevention of Fire and Dust Explosions from the Manufacturing, Processing, and Handling of Combustible Particulate Solids (2013 Edition) for safe handling.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Segregate from incompatible substances. Segregate from foods and animal feeds. Segregate from textiles and similar materials.

Further information on storage conditions: Keep only in the original container in a cool, dry, wellventilated place away from ignition sources, heat or flame. Protect containers from physical damage. Protect against contamination. The authority permits and storage regulations must be observed.

Storage stability:

May be kept indefinitely if stored properly. If an expiry date is mentioned on the packaging/label this takes priority over the statements on storage duration in this safety data sheet.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Users of a pesticidal product should refer to the product label for personal protective equipment requirements.

Components with occupational exposure limits

Pyrethrins	OSHA PEL ACGIH TLV	PEL 5 mg/m3;TWA value 5 mg/m3; TWA value 5 mg/m3;
Distillates, petroleum	ACGIH TLV	TWA value 200 mg/m3 Non-aerosol (total hydrocarbon vapor); Application restricted to conditions in which there are negligible aerosol exposures. Skin Designation Non-aerosol (total hydrocarbon vapor); The substance can be absorbed through the skin.
Silica gel, precipitated, crystalline free	OSHA PEL	TWA value 6 mg/m3 ; TWA value 20 millions of particles per cubic foot of air ; TWA value 0.8 mg/m3 ; The exposure limit is calculated from the equation, 80mg/m3)/(%SiO2), using a value of 100% SiO2. Lower percentages of SiO2 will yield higher exposure limits.

Advice on system design:

Whenever possible, engineering controls should be used to minimize the need for personal protective equipment. It is recommended that all dust control equipment such as local exhaust ventilation and material transport systems involved in handling of this product contain explosion relief vents or an explosion suppression system or an oxygen deficient environment. Ensure that dust-handling systems (such as exhaust ducts, dust collectors, vessels, and processing equipment) are designed in a manner to prevent the escape of dust into the work area (i.e., there is no leakage from the equipment). Use only appropriately classified electrical equipment and powered industrial trucks.

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Personal protective equipment

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR MANUFACTURING, COMMERCIAL BLENDING, AND PACKAGING WORKERS:

Respiratory protection:

Wear respiratory protection if ventilation is inadequate. Wear a NIOSH-certified (or equivalent) organic vapour/particulate respirator. For situations where the airborne concentrations may exceed the level for which an air purifying respirator is effective, or where the levels are unknown or Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health (IDLH), use NIOSH-certified full facepiece pressure demand self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) or a full facepiece pressure demand supplied-air respirator (SAR) with escape provisions.

Hand protection:

Chemical resistant protective gloves, Protective glove selection must be based on the user's assessment of the workplace hazards.

Eye protection:

Safety glasses with side-shields. Tightly fitting safety goggles (chemical goggles). Wear face shield if splashing hazard exists.

Body protection:

Body protection must be chosen depending on activity and possible exposure, e.g. head protection, apron, protective boots, chemical-protection suit.

General safety and hygiene measures:

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR MANUFACTURING, COMMERCIAL BLENDING, AND PACKAGING WORKERS Wear long sleeved work shirt and long work pants in addition to other stated personal protective equipment. Work place should be equipped with a shower and an eye wash. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Personal protective equipment should be decontaminated prior to reuse. Gloves must be inspected regularly and prior to each use. Replace if necessary (e.g. pinhole leaks). Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Store work clothing separately. Hands and/or face should be washed before breaks and at the end of the shift. No eating, drinking, smoking or tobacco use at the place of work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Form:	powder
Odour:	characteristic
Odour threshold:	Not determined due to potential health hazard by inhalation.
Colour:	white
pH value:	The product has not been tested.
Melting point:	The product has not been tested.
Boiling point:	The product has not been tested.
Flash point:	> 70 °C
	Information based on the main
	components.
Flammability:	not determined
Lower explosion limit:	As a result of our experience with this
-	product and our knowledge of its
	composition we do not expect any
	hazard as long as the product is used
	appropriately and in accordance with
	the intended use.

Revision date : 2019/04/30 Page: 7/13 Version: 6.0 (30472235/SDS CPA US/EN) Upper explosion limit: As a result of our experience with this product and our knowledge of its composition we do not expect any hazard as long as the product is used appropriately and in accordance with the intended use. Vapour pressure: The product has not been tested. Density: approx. 0.28 g/cm3 (approx. 21.1 °C) Vapour density: not applicable Partitioning coefficient nnot applicable octanol/water (log Pow): Self-ignition Based on its structural properties the temperature: product is not classified as selfigniting. carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide Thermal decomposition: Stable at ambient temperature. If product is heated above decomposition temperature toxic vapours may be released. To avoid thermal decomposition, do not overheat. Viscosity, dynamic: not applicable, the product is a solid Solubility in water: dispersible Evaporation rate: not applicable Other Information: If necessary, information on other physical and chemical parameters is indicated in this section.

10. Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity

No hazardous reactions if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

Corrosion to metals: Corrosive effects to metal are not anticipated.

Oxidizing properties: not fire-propagating

Chemical stability

The product is stable if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

The product is chemically stable.

Conditions to avoid

Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame. Avoid prolonged storage. Avoid electro-static discharge. Avoid contamination. Avoid prolonged exposure to extreme heat. Avoid extreme temperatures. This product may form an explosive mixture if: 1. the dust is suspended in the atmosphere as a dust cloud AND 2. the concentration of the dust is above the lower explosion limit (LEL) AND 3. the limiting oxygen concentration (LOC) is exceeded.

Incompatible materials

strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition products

Decomposition products:

No hazardous decomposition products if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated., Prolonged thermal loading can result in products of degradation being given off.

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Thermal decomposition: Possible thermal decomposition products: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide Stable at ambient temperature. If product is heated above decomposition temperature toxic vapours may be released. To avoid thermal decomposition, do not overheat.

11. Toxicological information

Primary routes of exposure

Routes of entry for solids and liquids are ingestion and inhalation, but may include eye or skin contact. Routes of entry for gases include inhalation and eye contact. Skin contact may be a route of entry for liquefied gases.

Acute Toxicity/Effects

Acute toxicity

Assessment of acute toxicity: Relatively nontoxic after single ingestion. Slightly toxic after short-term skin contact. Relatively nontoxic after short-term inhalation.

<u>Oral</u> Type of value: LD50 Species: rat (male/female) Value: > 5,000 mg/kg No mortality was observed.

Inhalation Type of value: LC50 Species: rat (male/female) Value: > 4.3 mg/l (Directive 92/69/EEC, B.2) Tested as dust aerosol. Highest concentration capable of testing. No mortality was observed.

Dermal Type of value: LD50 Species: rabbit Value: > 2,000 mg/kg No mortality was observed.

Assessment other acute effects Assessment of STOT single: Based on the available information there is no specific target organ toxicity to be expected after a single exposure.

The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

Irritation / corrosion

Assessment of irritating effects: May cause moderate but temporary irritation to the eyes. May cause slight irritation to the skin.

<u>Skin</u> Species: rabbit Result: non-irritant

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Species: rabbit Result: non-irritant

Sensitization

Assessment of sensitization: Skin sensitizing effects were not observed in animal studies.

modified Buehler test Species: guinea pig Result: Skin sensitizing effects were not observed in animal studies.

Aspiration Hazard

The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components. May also damage the lung at swallowing (aspiration hazard).

Chronic Toxicity/Effects

Repeated dose toxicity

Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

Information on: Piperonylbutoxide

Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: The substance may cause damage to the liver after repeated ingestion of high doses, as shown in animal studies. The substance may cause damage to the liver after repeated inhalation of high doses. Repeated dermal uptake of the substance did not cause substance-related effects.

Genetic toxicity

Assessment of mutagenicity: The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components. Mutagenicity tests revealed no genotoxic potential.

Carcinogenicity

Assessment of carcinogenicity: The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

Information on: pyrethrum

Assessment of carcinogenicity: The results of various animal studies gave no indication of a carcinogenic effect. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components. Not Likely to Be Carcinogenic to Humans.

Information on: 1,3-Benzodioxole, 5-[[2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethoxy]methyl]-6-propyl-Assessment of carcinogenicity: IARC Group 3 (not classifiable as to human carcinogenicity). In long-term animal studies in which the substance was given in high doses by feed, a carcinogenic effect was not observed.

Reproductive toxicity

Assessment of reproduction toxicity: The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components. The results of animal studies gave no indication of a fertility impairing effect.

Teratogenicity

Assessment of teratogenicity: The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components. Animal studies gave no indication of a developmental toxic effect at doses that were not toxic to the parental animals.

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Other Information Misuse can be harmful to health.

Symptoms of Exposure

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2) and/or in section 11., (Further) symptoms and / or effects are not known so far

12. Ecological Information

Toxicity

Aquatic toxicity Assessment of aquatic toxicity: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

Toxicity to fish

Information on: pyrethrum LC50 (96 h) 0.0052 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (static) LC50 (96 h) 0.01 mg/l, Lepomis macrochirus

Information on: 1,3-Benzodioxole, 5-[[2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethoxy]methyl]-6-propyl-LC50 (96 h) 3.49 mg/l, Cyprinodon variegatus (OECD Guideline 203, Flow through.) The product has low solubility in the test medium. An aqueous solution prepared with solubilizers has been tested.

Information on: Distillates, petroleum

LL50 (96 h) 2 - 5 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (OECD Guideline 203, semistatic) The product has low solubility in the test medium. A saturated solution has been tested. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from substances/products of a similar structure or composition. Nominal values (confirmed by concentration control analytics)

Aquatic invertebrates

Information on: pyrethrum EC50 (48 h) 0.012 mg/l, Daphnia magna EC50 (48 h) 0.0014 mg/l, Mysidopsis bahia

Information on: 1,3-Benzodioxole, 5-[[2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethoxy]methyl]-6-propyl-EC50 (48 h) 0.51 mg/l, Daphnia magna (OECD Guideline 202, part 1, Flow through.) The product has low solubility in the test medium. An aqueous solution prepared with solubilizers has been tested. No observed effect concentration (28 d) 0.063 mg/l, aquatic arthropod (other)

The details of the toxic effect relate to the nominal concentration. The product has low solubility in the test medium. An aqueous solution prepared with solubilizers has been tested. Limit concentration test only (LIMIT test).

Information on: Distillates, petroleum EL50 (48 h) 1.4 mg/l, Daphnia magna (OECD Guideline 202, part 1, static)

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The details of the toxic effect relate to the nominal concentration. The product has low solubility in the test medium. A saturated solution has been tested. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from substances/products of a similar structure or composition.

Aquatic plants

Information on: 1,3-Benzodioxole, 5-[[2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethoxy]methyl]-6-propyl-EC50 (72 h) 3.89 mg/l (growth rate), Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (OECD Guideline 201, static) The product has low solubility in the test medium. An aqueous solution prepared with solubilizers has been tested.

No observed effect concentration (72 h) 0.824 mg/l (growth rate), Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (OECD Guideline 201, static)

The product has low solubility in the test medium. An aqueous solution prepared with solubilizers has been tested.

Information on: Distillates, petroleum

EL50 (72 h) 1 - 3 mg/l (growth rate), Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (OECD Guideline 201, static) The details of the toxic effect relate to the nominal concentration. The product has low solubility in the test medium. A saturated solution has been tested. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from substances/products of a similar structure or composition. No observed effect concentration (72 h) 1 mg/l (growth rate), Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (OECD Guideline 201, static)

The details of the toxic effect relate to the nominal concentration. The product has low solubility in the test medium. A saturated solution has been tested. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from substances/products of a similar structure or composition.

Persistence and degradability

<u>Assessment biodegradation and elimination (H2O)</u> The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

Assessment biodegradation and elimination (H2O)

Information on: pyrethrum

Not readily biodegradable (by OECD criteria).

Bioaccumulative potential

Assessment bioaccumulation potential

The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

Bioaccumulation potential

Information on: pyrethrum

Bioconcentration factor: 471 Accumulation in organisms is not to be expected.

Mobility in soil

Assessment transport between environmental compartments

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The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

Information on: pyrethrum

Following exposure to soil, adsorption to solid soil particles is probable, therefore contamination of groundwater is not expected.

Additional information

Other ecotoxicological advice: Do not discharge product into the environment without control.

13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal of substance:

Pesticide wastes are regulated. If pesticide wastes cannot be disposed of according to label instructions, contact the State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Container disposal:

Rinse thoroughly at least three times (triple rinse) in accordance with EPA recommendations. Consult state or local disposal authorities for approved alternative procedures such as container recycling. Recommend crushing, puncturing or other means to prevent unauthorized use of used containers.

14. Transport Information

Land transport USDOT

Not classified as a dangerous good under transport regulations

Sea transport IMDG	
Hazard class: Packing group: ID number: Hazard label: Marine pollutant: Proper shipping name:	9 III UN 3077 9, EHSM YES ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (contains PYRETHRINS, PIPERONYLBUTOXIDE)
Air transport IATA/ICAO	
Hazard class: Packing group: ID number: Hazard label: Proper shipping name:	9 III UN 3077 9, EHSM ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (contains PYRETHRINS, PIPERONYLBUTOXIDE)

Further information

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DOT: This product is regulated if the amount in a single receptacle exceeds the Reportable Quantity (RQ). Please refer to Section 15 of this MSDS for the RQ for this product. The following provisions may apply for product in packages containing a net quantity of 5 kg or less ADR, RID, ADN: Special Provision 375; IMDG: 2.10.2.7; IATA: A197; TDG: Special Provision 99(2); 49CFR: §171.4 (c) (2).

15. Regulatory Information

Federal Regulations

Registration status:

Chemical TSCA, US blocked / not listed

Crop Protection TSCA, US released / exempt

EPCRA 311/312 (Hazard categories): Refer to SDS section 2 for GHS hazard classes applicable for this product.

EPCRA 313:

CAS Number	Chemical name		
51-03-6	Piperonylbutoxide		
<u>CERCLA RQ</u>	CAS Number	Chemical name	

1 LBS 8003-34-7 Pyrethrins

NFPA Hazard codes: Health: 1 Fire: 1 Reactivity: 0 Special:

16. Other Information

SDS Prepared by:

BASF NA Product Regulations SDS Prepared on: 2019/04/30

We support worldwide Responsible Care® initiatives. We value the health and safety of our employees, customers, suppliers and neighbors, and the protection of the environment. Our commitment to Responsible Care is integral to conducting our business and operating our facilities in a safe and environmentally responsible fashion, supporting our customers and suppliers in ensuring the safe and environmentally sound handling of our products, and minimizing the impact of our operations on society and the environment during production, storage, transport, use and disposal of our products.

END OF DATA SHEET